

REMARKS/ARGUMENTS

Reconsideration of the above-identified application in view of the present amendment is respectfully requested.

The indication that claims 17-18 would be allowable if rewritten in independent form is acknowledged with appreciation. Claim 17 has been amended to include the limitations of claims 15-16. Claim 18 depends from claim 17 and should be allowable because it merely constitutes further limitations to an allowable claim. Thus, claims 17-18 should be allowable.

According to the Webster's Third New International Dictionary, the spelling of "diffusor" is the alternate spelling for the word "diffuser" (dictionary excerpt attached).

Claim 28 is based on canceled claim 21 and is directed to the elected embodiment of Figures 1 and 2, but should also cover the non-elected embodiment of Figure 5. Claim 28 includes the limitation that the single movable adjustment element 24 engages the first and second coupling elements 16 and 18 simultaneously to move the first and second coupling elements. Thus, only a single movable adjustment element is necessary to adjust the orientation of the vanes relative to the housing as described in the specification (see last paragraph of page 3 to second paragraph of page 4).

The patent to Sakai does not disclose a diffuser having a single adjustment element engaging two different coupling elements to move the two different coupling elements. The

patent to Sakai shows a crank mechanism including a disk 22 to swing the fins 2 in addition to lever 11 on the other side of the fins 2. Thus, claim 28 should also be allowable.

Claims 29-34 correspond to canceled claims 23-27. Claims 29-34 depend from claim 28 and define over the prior art for the same reasons as claim 28 and for the specific limitations recited therein.

Regarding claim 29, none of the prior art, either alone or in combination, disclose or suggest that in the housing a second sliding guide is provided in which the second coupling element is supported and including all the limitations of claim 28. Thus, claim 29 should be allowable. .

Regarding claim 30, none of the prior art, either alone or in combination, disclose or suggest that the second sliding guide is aligned approximately perpendicular to the first sliding guide and including all the limitations of claim 28. Thus, claim 30 should be allowable.

Regarding claim 31, none of the prior art, either alone or in combination, disclose or suggest that the vanes have front and rear areas at which they are connected with the coupling elements and including all the limitations of claim 28. Thus, claim 31 should be allowable.

Regarding claim 32, none of the prior art, either alone or in combination, disclose or suggest that the second swiveling axis is supported in a sliding guide in the housing and including all the limitations of claim 28. Thus, claim 32 should be allowable.


Regarding claim 33, none of the prior art, either alone or in combination, disclose or suggest that the sliding guide of the second swiveling axis is aligned approximately perpendicular to the sliding guide of the first coupling element and including all the limitations of claim 28. Thus, claim 33 should be allowable.

Regarding claim 34, none of the prior art, either alone or in combination, disclose or suggest that the adjustment element is an adjustment knob mounted on one of the vanes and including all the limitations of claim 28. Thus, claim 34 should be allowable.

In view of the foregoing, it is respectfully submitted that the above-identified application is in condition for allowance, and allowance of the above-identified application is respectfully requested.

Please charge any deficiency or credit any overpayment in the fees for this amendment to our Deposit Account No. 20-0090.

Respectfully submitted,


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diffuse nebula *n* : any of the numerous luminous or dark formations or irregularly distributed dust and gas seen within the Milky Way galaxy and in other spiral galaxies but not including the planetary nebulae

diffuse-ness \-lənəs/ *n* : the quality or state of being diffuse

diffuse placenta *also* **diffused placenta** *n* : a placenta made up of villi diffusely scattered over almost the whole surface of the chorion (as in whales, swine, and horses)

diffuse-porous \-fə'pɔːs/ *adj* : having vessels distributed more or less uniformly throughout an annual ring and not varying greatly in size — used of certain woody stems and roots (as of many of the maples)

diffuse-er \dɪ'fjuːz(ə)r/ *sometimes* *dɪ'fjuːz* *n* : one that diffuses: as **a** : a chamber surrounding a turbine wheel commonly provided with stationary vanes into which the fluid is discharged **b** : a device (as a reflector) placed above an electric lamp or a vane shield placed below) to distribute the light from a concentrated source uniformly **c** : a device through which air or other gas is admitted in minute bubbles into sewage or water under treatment **d** : a device for diffusing spray or vapor (as in a carburetor) **e** : a device for reducing the velocity and increasing the static pressure of a fluid passing through a system, used in the form of a chamber having an effective cross section which increases in the direction of flow **f** : a screen (as of cloth or frosted glass) used to soften lighting (as in a motion-picture or television studio) **g** : a device (as a lower window) at different angles for deflecting air in various directions from an outlet effect mixture with room air (as for heating or cooling a room)

diff-fus-ibil-i-ty \dɪ'fjuːzə'bɪlə-ti/ *sometimes* *dɪ'fjuːz* *n* : the capability of being diffused

diff-fus-ible \dɪ'fjuːzə'bəl/ *sometimes* *dɪ'fjuːz* *adj* : capable of diffusing or of being diffused — **diff-fus-ibil-i-ty** *n* *also* *diff-fusion* \dɪ'fjuːzən/ *sometimes* *dɪ'fjuːz* *n* : [L. *diffusio*, *diffusio*, fr. *diffundere* to diffuse] **1** : the action of diffusing or the state of being diffused : **SPREADING, DISPERSION** (the ~ of knowledge) **2** : **DIFFUSION, PROLIXITY** **3** : the process whereby particles (as molecules and ions) of liquids, gases, or solids intermingle as the result of their spontaneous movement caused by thermal agitation and in dissolved substances move from a region of higher concentration to one of lower concentration — see **GAS** and **DIFFUSION** **b** : reflection of light by a rough reflecting surface : transmission of light through a translucent material : **SCATTERING** **4** : the spread of linguistic or cultural elements from one area, tribe, or people to others through contact (the ~ of tobacco from the New World to the Old World) **5** : the process of slightly scattering a portion of the images forming light to give a pleasing artistic softness to a photograph **6** : a radio broadcast — **diff-fusion-al** \-zhən'əl/ *adj*

diffusion coefficient or diffusion constant *n* : the quantity of a substance that in diffusing from one region to another passes through each unit of cross section per unit of time when the volume-concentration gradient is unity — called also *diffusivity*

diffusion disk *also* **diffusing disk** *n* : a piece of transparent material having special markings or embossings used with a photographic lens to give a soft focus or diffused effect to the image

diff-fu-sion-ism \-zən'izəm/ *n* : a theory in anthropology: widely separated cultural similarities are evidence of historical contact

diff-fu-sion-ist \-zhən'ist/ *n* : one who emphasizes the role of diffusion in the history of culture

diffusionism *n* : a theory in anthropology: widely separated cultural similarities are evidence of historical contact

diffusion pressure deficit *n* : the algebraic sum of all the forces tending to cause water to move into a plant cell

diffusion pump *n* : a vacuum pump for producing extremely high vacuum by drawing gas into a jet of vapor of mercury or some heavy oil by which the gas is carried off and which is separated from the gas by condensation

diffusion-transfer process *n* : any of several document-copying photographic processes in which a facsimile of the original document is produced by development of a photographic image, by transfer by diffusion of the silver salts in the undeveloped area to a receiving paper, and by development of the transferred image

diff-fu-sive \-ʃuːv/ *adj* : **1** : having the quality of diffusing : tending to diffuse : characterized by diffusion **2** : *obs.* of a people or group : acting as a mass of individuals having authority diffused throughout the entire membership — **diff-fu-sive-ly** \-ʃuːvli/ *adv* — **diff-fu-sive-ness** \-ʃuːvniəs/ *n*

diff-fu-siv-i-ty \dɪ'fjuːsɪvə-ti/ *n* : **1** : the quantity of heat passing normally through a unit area per unit time divided by the product of specific heat, density, and temperature gradient

diff-fu-sor \dɪ'fjuːz(ə)r/ *sometimes* *dɪ'fjuːz* *n* : **DIFFUSER**

diffusion rate of diffusion

diffuor- or difluoro- *comb. form* [ISV *di-* + *fluor-*] : containing two fluorine atoms in the name of chemical compounds (1,1-difluoroethane); compare **FLUORO-**

di-fluoride \-fjuːrɪd/ *n* [*di-* + *fluoride*] : a compound containing two atoms of fluorine combined with an element or radical [*dig* \-dɪg/ *vb* *dig* \-dɪg/ *or* *archaic* *digged* \-dɪg/ *dig* *or* *archaic* *digged*; *digging*; *diggs* [ME *diggen*, perh. of imit. origin] **1** : to turn up, loosen, or remove earth : **DELVE** (~ for buried treasure) (*digging* in the garden) **2** : to work hard laboriously : **DEBILITATE** (*digging* away at one's duties) **3** : to penetrate below the surface in search of something hidden or buried : pierce deeply — used with *into* (~ into the facts of a case) (*digging* into the history of mankind) **b** : to advance or progress by or as if by removing or pushing aside material : **BURROW** (if we ~ down through the strata of English historical writing — B.R. Redman) **4** *slang* : **LODGE, DWELL** (this is the inn where I ~ — John Galsworthy) **5** of a tool : to cut deeply into material being worked on because of some fault (as being ill-set or held at a wrong angle) **6** : to run hard (the runner on first base ~s for second with the first pitch) — *vi* **1** : to break up (the earth) with a hard implement (as a spade, hoe, mattock) (earth, loosen, or turn over (the soil) — a field for planting) **2** : to bring to light or get by digging : **UNEARTH** (~ potatoes) **3** : to bring to light or out of being — *of* out of the ground (*dig up* ~ up facts) **4** : to hollow out (as a well) : form (as a ditch) by removing earth : **EXCAVATE** (~ a trench) (~ a foundation) **5** : to drive down so as to penetrate : **THRUST** (*dig his fingers into the soft earth*) **6** : **POKE, PROD** (*he dug me in the ribs with his sharp little elbow*) **7** *slang* : **1** : to listen to or look at : pay attention to (~ that fancy hat) **2** : **UNDERSTAND, APPRECIATE** (what I *dig* about the British money — Jimmy Durante) **3** : **LIKE, ADMIRE** (he *dig* the new car, but people seem to ~ it — Down Beat) — *dig into* *vb* : to take a substantial part from (a supply) : eat into : **DEplete** (forced to *dig into* savings to pay current debts)

SYN *dig*, *delve*, *spade*, *grub*, *excavate*, *exhume*, and *disinter* mean, in common, to use a spade or similar implement in breaking up the ground to a point below the surface and turning or removing the earth or bringing to light or out of the surface anything below it. *dig*, the commonest of the terms, implies a loosening of earth around or under something so as to bring it to the surface or any disturbing of earth to penetrate it in some way (*dig worms*) (*dig for gold*) (*dig a bone up*) (*dig into a cliff*) *delve* implies more commonly the use of a spade or efforts comparable to the use of one and suggests strongly a laborious digging around in or out of the ground (lab scientists *delve* into the secrets of nature — *Investigator's Reader*) (*to delve into* the mysteries of prehistoric man — E.J.

live off the produce of their herds — Jean & Franc Shor) (a group of rappers haphazardly grubbing about among a pile of human refuse — *Times Lit. Supp.*) (grubbing around Etruscan cemeteries — Robert Graves) (the grubs for the answers in the memory heap of five decades return — *Time*) **EXCAVATE** implies making a hollow in, into, or through something, usu. by spade, shovel or machine (the powerful stream ~ excavated a new channel — *Amer. Guide Series: Wash.*) (an expedition of the Witte Memorial Museum of San Antonio excavated caves, the contents of which revealed the culture of a sedentary people — *Amer. Guide Series: Texas*) (*excavate* a cliff) **EXHUME** implies the removal of something buried (the remains of a Roman legionary were exhumed from the ruins) (trees buried by the gray unweathered outwash gravels and exhumed through erosion of the valley train by the Rio Ameghino — R.L. Nichols & M.M. Miller) **DISINTER** implies the exhuming of something buried by human hands (the urns disinterred at Walsingham — A.T. Quiller-Couch) (bodies were disinterred from battlefields — *Amer. Guide Series: N.C.*) **dig** *vb* *n* : **1** : **THRUST, POKE** (gave the horse a good ~ in the side) **2** : a verbal thrust : a cutting remark esp. containing a veiled allusion (why all the small ungracious ~s and hedging of good report with evil suspicion — Philip Burnham) **3** : a plodding and laborious student : **GRIND** **3** *dig Eng* : a tool for digging **4** [by shortening] : **DIGGER** **4** **5** *diggs pl, Brit* : **DIGGINGS** **3b** : a site at which an archaeological excavation is made; also : the excavation itself and the contents of the site (as a whole) (for a rest of the season fruitful ~ in the Nile valley — David Garnett) **7** : a push of the ball of the foot against the floor in dancing

dig \-dɪg/ *n* [ME *digge*] *now* *dig Eng* : **DUCK**

dig abbr *digst*

di-gallic acid \-dɪ'gæ'li'k/ *n* [ISV *di-* + *gallic*] **1** : a crystalline phenolic ester $C_{14}H_{10}O_6$ obtained as a decomposition product of tannins or made synthetically and yielding gallic acid on hydrolysis **2** : the acid obtained by called also *meta-digallic acid* **3** : **GALLOTANNIN** — used chiefly in pharmacy

di-gam-ba-ra \dɪ'gæmbə-rə/ *n* *cap* [Skt, lit., sky-clad, naked] : a member of a major Jain sect formed in the 3d century B.C. and distinguished by its original abandonment of all worldly possessions including clothes and by its denial that women attain salvation

di-gam-et-ic \-dɪ'gæm-ət-ik/ *adj* [*di-* + *gametic*] : forming two kinds of germ cells (as one with and one without the X chromosome) : heterozygous for sex

di-gam-ma \dɪ'gæm, 'dɪ'g-ə/ *n* [L, fr. Gk, fr. *di-* + *gamma*, fr. its resemblance to two capital gammas placed on top of each other] **1** : a letter of the original Greek alphabet representing a sound approximately that of English *g* in *ghost* and *gambol* **2** : a symbol used in the modern dialects and in numerical notation where it represented the number 6 — called also *vau*; symbol *F*, *f* : the sound represented by the letter *f*

di-gam-mat-ed \dɪ'gæm-əd/ *adj* **1** : having the Greek letter digamma **2** : inferred to have had a w-sound of which actual orthographic evidence does not exist **3** : a word of Greek or of the vowels of the vowel following the inferred sound (the number of ~ roots in Homer — R.C. Jebb) **3** : printed with digamma inserted where its sound is believed orig. to have been employed (a ~ edition of Homer)

di-ga-my \-dɪ'gæm-ə/ *n* [LL *digamia*, fr. LGK, fr. *digamos* married twice (fr. Gk, adulterous, fr. *di-* + *gamos* -gamous) + *Gk* -ia -y] : a legal second marriage after the termination of a first (as by death or divorce) (a second marriage) — called also *deuterogamy*; distinguished from *bigamy*

di-gastric \-dɪ'gæstr-ik/ *n* [NL *di-gastricus*, fr. *di-* + *gastricus* gastric — more at **GASTRIC**] : either of a pair of gastric muscles that extend from the anterior inferior margin of the mandible to the temporal bone and serve to open the jaw

di-gastric \-dɪ'gæstr-ik/ *adj* [NL *di-gastricus*, fr. *di-gastricus*, *adj.*] **1** of a muscle : having two bellies separated by a median tendon **2** : of a muscle : having two bellies separated by a median tendon

dig-down *vb* : to pay money out of one's own pocket (the customers will not *dig down* for such entertainment)

di-ge-ne-a \dɪ'gɛn-ə/ *n* pl, *cap* [NL, fr. *di-* + *Gk* *genea* race, descent — more at **KIN**] : a subclass of Trematoda commonly divided into the orders Gasterostomata and Prosorhyncha, comprising forms with a complex life cycle involving alternation of sexual reproduction as an internal parasite of a vertebrate with asexual reproduction in a mollusk, and often including developmental stages in still other hosts — compare **ASPIODIGASTREA** I, **MONOGENEA** — **di-ge-ne-ous** \-dɪ'gɛn-əs/ *adj*

di-genesis \-dɪ'gɛn-əs/ *n* [NL, fr. *di-* + *genesis*] : successive production by sexual and asexual methods

di-genetic \-dɪ'gɛn-ət-ik/ *adj* [*di-* + *genetic*, in sense 2, fr. NL *Digenetica*] **1** : of or relating to digenesis **2** : of or relating to the Digenaea

di-ge-net-ic-a \dɪ'gɛn-ət-ik-ə/ *n* *pl* *cap* [NL, fr. *di-* + *genetic* + *-a*] : a subclass of Trematoda commonly divided into the orders Gasterostomata and Prosorhyncha, comprising forms with a complex life cycle involving alternation of sexual reproduction as an internal parasite of a vertebrate with asexual reproduction in a mollusk, and often including developmental stages in still other hosts — compare **ASPIODIGASTREA** I, **MONOGENEA** — **di-ge-ne-ous** \-dɪ'gɛn-əs/ *adj*

di-genic \-dɪ'gɛn-ik/ *adj* [*di-* + *-genic* biol.] : induced by two genes — used of phenotypic effects manifested only when two nonallelic controlling genes interact

di-gi-ni-a \dɪ'gɪ-ni-ə/ *n* [G *di-genit*, fr. *di-* + *L* *genus* kind + *G* -ite — more at **KIN**] : a mineral Cu_2S consisting of an isometric copper sulfide having a variable deficiency in copper

di-gest \-dɪ'gest/ *sometimes* *-jast* *n* [ME *Digest* compilation of Roman laws ordered by Justinian, fr. LL *Digesta*, pl., fr. L, collection of writings arranged under various heads (*digest* *pl.* of *digest*, past participle of *digest*, to divide, distribute, arrange, digest, fr. *di-* (fr. *dis-* apart) + *gerere* to bear, carry — more at **DIS-**, **CAST**] **1** : a short summation of or the compressed kernel of a body of information : as **a** : a compilation of legal rules, statutes, or decisions systematically arranged **b** : a literary condensation or abridgment **c** : a periodical usu. of small format that characteristically prints condensed versions of articles previously published elsewhere (on the shelves were ~s and pulp magazines) **2** : a product of digestion; *specif.* : a mixture of breakdown products of a complex organic substance (as meat) resulting from the controlled action of one or more enzymes — see **DIGEST MEDIUM** *syn* see **COMPENDIUM**

di-gest \-dɪ'gest/ *also* *dɪ'gest* *vb* -ed/-ing/-s [ME *digesten*, fr. L *digestus*, past part.] *vi* **1** : **SEPARATE, DISTRIBUTE** **2** : to separate (as in parts) or in parts (as a mixture) **3** : to arrange systematically : work over and classify : reduce to portions for ready use or application; *specif.* : **CODIFY** (~ the laws) **3** : to think over and arrange systematically in the mind : receive in the mind and consider : **COMPREHEND** **4** : to subject to or transform by digestion : convert (food) into absorbable form **5** : to cause or aid the digestion of (food) (pancreatic enzymes ~ most of the protein in food) **6** : to break down in vitro in a manner similar to digestion in vivo (sugars are ~ed by yeasts) **5** : to appropriate or assimilate mentally (read, mark, learn, and inwardly ~ them — Bk. of Com. Prayer) **6** : to bear patiently : be reconciled to : **BROOK** (~ many insults) **7** : to cause to generate pus **8** : to change the nature of (a substance) by various means : as **a** : to soften or decompose by heat and moisture or by chemicals **b** : to break down in vitro in a manner similar to digestion in vivo (sugars are ~ed by yeasts) **5** : to appropriate or assimilate mentally (read, mark, learn, and inwardly ~ them — Bk. of Com. Prayer) **6** : to bear patiently : be reconciled to : **BROOK** (~ many insults) **7** : to cause to generate pus **8** : to change the nature of (a substance) by various means : as **a** : to soften or decompose by heat and moisture or by chemicals **b** : to break down in vitro in a manner similar to digestion in vivo (sugars are ~ed by yeasts) **5** : to appropriate or assimilate mentally (read, mark, learn, and inwardly ~ them — Bk. of Com. 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